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15	ABOU ELKASSIM BRITEL; AHMED AGIZA;	
16	MOHAMED FARAG AHMAD BASHMILAH;	
17	DICHED AL DAWI	ivil Action No. 5:07-cv-02798 (JW)
18	Plaintiffs,	
19	¥.	ECLARATION OF STEVEN
20		MACPHERSON WATT IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' OPPOSITION TO THE UNITED STATES' MOTION TO DISMISS OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, FOR
21		
22	S	UMMARY JUDGMENT
23		
24		
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	Declaration of Steven Macpherson	Watt - C 07-cv-02798 (JW)

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24	DECLARATION OF STEVEN MACPHERSON WATT IN SUPPORT OF
25	PLAINTIFFS' OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMISS, OR IN THE
26	ALTERNATIVE, FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT
27	
28	Declaration of Stoven Macheners Wetter C 07 02709 (WV)
	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 2

1		I, STEVEN MACPHERSON WATT, under penalty of perjury, declare as follows,
2	pursua	nt to 28 U.S.C. § 1746:
3	1.	I am a senior staff attorney with the American Civil Liberties Union and co-counsel in
4		this action. I submit this declaration in support of Plaintiffs' Opposition to the United
5 6		States' Motion to Dismiss or, in the Alternative, for Summary Judgment.
7	2.	Specifically, I submit this declaration to demonstrate the significant number of
8		documents in the public domain regarding the Central Intelligence Agency's rendition
9		program, and the renditions of Mr. Mohamed, Mr. Britel, Mr. Agiza, Mr. Bashmilah
10		and Mr. Al-Rawi in particular. These documents comprise, inter alia, public
11		statements by U.S. government officials describing in detail the parameters of the
12		rendition program, official unclassified U.S. government documents detailing the
13		program, and documentation from international inter-governmental and national
14 15		parliamentary inquiries and criminal and journalistic investigations into European
15		states' involvement in the U.S. rendition program. In addition, hundreds of articles in
17		major newspapers have described the rendition cases of plaintiffs and others, as have
18		numerous U.S. and international television documentary programs. The
19		documentation referenced in this declaration represents just a fraction of an extensive
20		and growing number of documents describing the U.S. rendition program that are
21		
22	2	currently publicly available.
23	3.	Since September 11, 2001, senior officials within the U.S. government, including the
24 25		President, current Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice, former Secretary of State
23 26		Colin Powell, current CIA Director Michael Hayden, former CIA Directors Porter
27		
28		Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 3

1		Goss and George Tenet, and senior intelligence and administration officials have
2		spoken publicly about the rendition program.
3	4.	As these government officials and others have explained, the rendition program was
4		established well before the September 11 attacks. However, since September 11, the
5		program's primary objective has changed from the transfer of suspects to stand trial in
6		other nations to the clandestine apprehension, transfer, detention, and interrogation of
7		
8		foreign nationals suspected of involvement in terrorism outside the United States.
9	5.	On September 6, 2006, President Bush publicly acknowledged the existence of the
10		current rendition program and defended its utility. Confirming earlier media reports,
11 12		the President announced that: "Working with our allies, we've captured and detained
12		thousands of terrorists and enemy fighters in Afghanistan, in Iraq, and other fronts of
13		this war on terror." He acknowledged that some of those captured had been
15		"transferred to an environment where they can be held secretly, questioned by
16		experts." The President confirmed that "a small number of suspected terrorist leaders
17		and operatives captured during the war have been held and questioned outside the
18		United States, in a separate program operated by the Central Intelligence Agency."
19		He singled out several of them by name Abu Zubaydah, Khalid Sheikh
20		Mohammed, and Ramzi bin al Shibh – and noted that the information these three men
21		and others provided during their interrogation "has given [the U.S. government]
22 23		information that has saved innocent lives by helping stop new attacks here in
23 24		
24 25		the United States and across the world." The President revealed that during
23 26		interrogations an "alternative set" of procedures had been employed and that "[a]ll
20		those involved in the questioning of the terrorists [we]re carefully chosen and
28		
	1	

1		screened from a pool of experienced CIA officers. Those selected to conduct the
2		most sensitive questioning had to complete more than 250 additional hours of
3		specialized training before they are allowed to have contact with a captured terrorist."
4		The President stated that the program "has detained only a limited number of
5		terrorists at any given time – and once we've determined that the terrorists held by the
6 7		CIA have little or no additional intelligence value, many of them have been returned
8		to their home countries for prosecution and detention by their governments." Finally,
9		the President announced that the CIA rendition program "has been, and remains, one
10		of the most vital tools in our war against the terrorists" and that at all times it operated
11		
12		within a legal framework:
13		This program has been subject to multiple legal reviews by the Department of Justice and CIA lawyers; they've determined it complied with our laws. This
14 15		program has received strict oversight by the CIA's Inspector General. A small number of key leaders from both political parties on Capitol Hill were briefed about this program.
16		Specifically, as regards the "alternative" interrogation techniques employed, the
17		President confirmed: "These procedures were designed to be safe, to comply with our
18		laws, our Constitution, and our treaty obligatons." Attached hereto as Exhibit A is
19		a true and correct copy of President George W. Bush, President Discusses Creation of
20		Military Commissions to Try Suspected Terrorists, (Sept. 6, 2006) transcript
21		available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/news/releases/2006/09/print/20060906-
22		3.html.
23 24	6.	Before this statement, President Bush had publicly referenced the rendition program
	0.	before this statement, i resident busin had publicly referenced the reliation program
25		on numerous other occasions. During a March 16, 2005 press conference, the
26		President was asked why he "approved of and expanded the practice of what's called
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28		Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 5

1		rendition, of transferring individuals out of U.S. custody to countries where human
2		rights groups and the State Department say torture is common for people under
3		custody." The president answered that in the "post-9/11 world, the United States
4		must make sure we protect our people and our friends from attack And one way
5		to do so is to arrest people and send them back to their country of origin with the
6		promise that they won't be tortured." Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a true and
7 8		correct copy of the <i>President's Press Conference</i> (Mar. 16, 2005) transcript <i>available</i>
° 9		
9 10		at http://www.whitehouse.gov/news/releases/2005/03/20050316-3.html.
10	7.	One month later, the President was again asked to comment on his justification for
12		"the practice of renditioning, where U.S. agents who brought terror suspects abroad,
13		taking them to a third country for interrogation?" The President replied: "We operate
14		within the law and we send people to countries where they say they're not going to
15		torture the people [W]e expect the countries where we send somebody to, not to
16		torture, as well. But you bet, when we find somebody who might do harm to the
17		American people, we will detain them and ask others from their country of origin to
18		detain them [W]e've got guidelines. We've got law. But you bet we're
19		going to find people before they harm us." Attached hereto as Exhibit C is a true and
20		correct copy of the Press Conference of the President (Apr. 28, 2005) transcript
21		available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/news/releases/2005/04/20050428-9.html.
22	8.	Both the current Secretary of State, Condoleezza Rice, and her predecessor, Colin
23	0.	
24 25		Powell, have publicly commented on the rendition program. In December 2005, on
23 26		her departure for official state visits to several European countries, including
20 27		Germany, Secretary of State Rice defended the post 9/11 form of the rendition
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-~		Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW)

1	program as "a vital tool in combating transnational terrorism." She explained that the
2	United States "must track down terrorists who seek refuge in areas where
3	governments cannot take effective action, including where the terrorists cannot in
4	practice be reached by the ordinary processes of law." She continued: "For decades,
5	the United States and other countries have used 'renditions' to transport terrorist
6	suspects from the country where they were captured to their home country or to other
7 8	countries where they can be questioned, held, or brought to justice." The United
° 9	
	States, she said, did not "have the luxury of only using law enforcement techniques,"
10	but required other options when it was unable to "prosecute someone that is a known
11	terrorist or a suspected terrorist "She added:
12	In some situations, a terrorist suspect can be extradited according to traditional
13	judicial procedures. But there have long been many other cases where, for some
14	reason, the local government cannot detain or prosecute a suspect, and traditional extradition is not a good option. In those cases the local government can make a
15	sovereign choice to cooperate in a rendition.
16	Secretary Rice denied that individuals were rendered to permit coercive interrogation
17	techniques: "The United States has not transported anyone, and will not transport
18	anyone, to a country when we believe he will be tortured. Where appropriate, the
19	United States seeks assurances that transferred persons will not be tortured."
20	Secretary Rice explained that persons detained by the United States may "be held for
21	
22	an extended period if the intelligence or other evidence against them has been
23	carefully evaluated and supports a determination that detention is lawful." She
24	confirmed that foreign governments play a role in the process: "Some governments
25	choose to cooperate with the United States in its intelligence, law enforcement, or
26	military matters," and in return for their cooperation, the United States shares
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28	Declaration of Steven Macherson Watt $-C_007-cy-002798$ (IW)

1	intelligence it gathers. Attached hereto as Exhibit D is a true and correct copy of
2	Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice's Remarks Upon Her Departure for Europe,
3	Andrews Air Force Base, (Dec. 5, 2005) transcript available at
4	http://www.state.gov/secretary/rm/2005/57602.htm.
5	9. In a press briefing the following day, Secretary Rice and German Chancellor Merkel
6 7	fielded questions on rendition. In relation to the case of Khaled El-Masri, who was
8	allegedly rendered from Macedonia to Afghanistan in 2004, Secretary Rice stated:
9 10	When and if mistakes are made, we work very hard and as quickly as possible to rectify them. Any policy will sometimes have mistakes and it is our promise to
11	our partners that should that be the case, that we will do everything that we can to rectify those mistakes. I believe that this will be handled in the proper courts here
12	in Germany and if necessary in American courts as well.
13	Attached hereto as Exhibit E is a true and correct copy of the Joint Press Briefing by
14	Condoleezza Rice and Angela Merkel, (Dec. 6, 2005) transcript available at
15	http://www.state.gov/secretary/rm/2005/57672.htm.
16	10. On the same day, in Washington D.C., White House Press Secretary Scott McClellan,
17 18	citing Secretary Rice's comments, reiterated that the United States has long engaged
10	in renditions of terror suspects, and denied that those suspects were tortured.
20	Attached hereto as Exhibit F is a true and correct copy of the Press Briefing by Scott
21	McClellan, (Dec. 6, 2005) transcript available at
22	http://www.whitehouse.gov/news/releases/2005/12/print/20051206-3.html.
23	11. During a public meeting in Australia, Secretary Rice confirmed that "the practice of
24	
25	rendition is something that's been practiced way before September 11th when
26	extradition isn't an option because sometimes you have to take people off the streets."
27	Attached hereto as Exhibit G is a true and correct copy of Secretary of State
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 8

1	Condoleezza Rice's Remarks at Town Hall Meeting with University of Sydney
2	Students, (Mar. 16, 2006) transcript available at
3	http://www.state.gov/secretary/rm/2006/63166.htm.
4	12. In December 2005, former Secretary of State Colin Powell spoke candidly with the
5	media about the rendition program. He told BBC News that renditions took place
6	with the awareness of European governments over a period of years:
7	
8	Well, most of our European friends cannot be shocked that this kind of thing takes place The fact that we have, over the years, had procedures in place that would
9 10	deal with people who are responsible for terrorist activities, or suspected of terrorist activities, and so the thing that is called rendition is not something that is new or unknown to my European friends.
11	unknown to my European mends.
12	Attached hereto as Exhibit H is a true and correct copy of Powell Raps Europe on CIA
13	Flights, BBC NEWS, (Dec. 17, 2005) available at
14	http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/americas/4538788.stm.
15	13. During a "press gaggle," White House Press Secretary Tony Snow was asked about a
16	June 2006 Council of Europe Report that contended that many European countries
17	had participated in or aided rendition flights. Snow responded that "[n]ations have to
18	work together on intelligence matters" and that rendition "has been practiced by
19	nations for a very long time." Snow left open the possibility of future renditions,
20	explaining that "rendition is not something that began with this administration, and
21	explaining that Tendition is not something that began with this administration, and
22	it's certainly going to be practiced, I'm sure, in the future." Attached hereto as
23	Exhibit I is a true and correct copy of Press Gaggle by Tony Snow, (Nov. 16, 2006),
24	transcript available at
25	http://www.whitehouse.gov/news/releases/2006/06/print/20060607-2.html.
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28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 9

1	14. Former Director of National Intelligence John Negroponte admitted that the U.S.
2	government was holding "high-value detainees" in an interview with Time Magazine.
3	The interviewer asked him: "What is the endgame for the three dozen or so high-value
4	detainees?" Mr. Negroponte answered: "I'm not going to get into that one really.
5 6	You know, these people are being held. And they're bad actors. And as long as this
7	war on terror continues, I'm not sure I can tell you what the ultimate disposition of
8	those detainees will be." Attached hereto as Exhibit J is a true and correct copy of
9	Michael Duffy & Timothy J. Burger, Ten Questions for John Negroponte, TIME (Apr.
10	16, 2006), at 6, <i>available at</i>
11	http://www.time.com/time/printout/0,8816,1184080,00.html.
12	15. During the 9/11 Commission of Inquiry, senior intelligence officials, gave both
13	written and oral testimony on the rendition program. Christopher Kojm, who from
14	
15	1998 until February 2003 served as Deputy Assistant Secretary for Intelligence Policy
16	and Coordination in the U.S. State Department's Bureau of Intelligence and Research,
17	described the CIA's role in liaising with foreign government intelligence agencies to
18	effect renditions, stating that the Agency "plays an active role, sometimes calling
19	upon the support of other [government] agencies for logistical or transportation
20 21	assistance" but remaining the "main player" in the process. Attached hereto as
21	Exhibit K is a true and correct copy of Intelligence Policy and National Policy
23	Coordination: Hearing of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the
24	United States, (Mar. 24, 2004) (statement by Christopher Kojm, Deputy Executive
25	Director, National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States, and
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28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – c 07-cv-02798 (JW) 10

1	former Deputy Assistant Secretary of State), transcript available at http://www.9-
2	11commission.gov/archive/hearing8/9-11Commission_Hearing_2004-03-24.pdf.
3	16. In a written statement submitted to the 9/11 Joint Inquiry Committee, former C.I.A.
4	Director Tenet described the CIA's role in pre-September 11 renditions. He
5	explained that:
6	During the Millennium threat period [0]ver a period of months, there was close,
7	daily consultation that included Director Freeh, the National Security Adviser, and the Attorney General. We identified 36 additional terrorist agents at the time
8 9	around the world. We pursued operations against them in 50 countries. Our
9 10	disruption activities succeeded against 21 of these individuals, and included arrests, renditions, detentions, surveillance, and direct approaches.
11	The CIA, he explained, worked "with numerous European governments, such as the
12	Italians, Germans, French, and British," and "[by] 11 September, the CIA (in many
13	cases with the FBI) had rendered 70 terrorists to justice around the world." Attached
14	hereto as Exhibit L is a true and correct copy of Written Statement for the Record of
15	the Director of Central Intelligence Before the Joint Inquiry Committee, (Oct. 17,
16	2002) available at
17	
18	https://www.cia.gov/newsinformation/speechestestimony/2002/dci_testimony_10172
19	002.html.
20	17. In the written statement he submitted to the 9/11 Commission of Inquiry, Tenet
21	elaborated upon a number of specific instances of CIA involvement in renditions,
22	including assisting "another foreign partner in the rendition of a senior Bin Laden
23	associate" and assisting the Jordanian government in "render[ing] to justice" "terrorist
24	cells that planned to attack religious sites and tourist hotels." Attached hereto as
25	
26	Exhibit M is a true and correct copy of Written Statement for the Record of the
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW)

1	Director of Central Intelligence Before the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks
2	Upon the United States, (Mar. 24, 2004) available at http://www.9-
3	11commission.gov/hearings/hearing8/tenet_statement.pdf.
4 5	18. Based upon the testimony taken and written statements received, the 9/11
6	Commission staff developed initial findings that they later made available to the
7	public. Under the heading "Rendition," these findings reveal that officials of the CIA,
8	FBI, State Department, and foreign governments cooperated in the rendition of
9	suspected terrorists. Specifically, they conclude that "the CIA helps to catch and send
10	[the suspect] to the United States or a third country," and that renditions were "an
11	important component of U.S. counterterrorism policy throughout the period leading
12 13	up to 9/11" and "are still widely used today." Attached hereto as Exhibit N is a true
13	and correct copy of the relevant section of Staff Statement No. 7, National
15	Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States, available at http://www.9-
16	11commission.gov/staff_statements/staff_statement_7.pdf.
17	19. Most recently, Tenet, when asked by CNN's Wolf Blitzer about allegations made by
18	Khalid El-Masri, who alleged that he had been rendered to Afghanistan and tortured
19	by the CIA, replied that "I don't believe what he [El-Masri] says is true." Attached
20 21	hereto as Exhibit O is a true and correct copy of The Situation Room's Interview With
21	Former CIA Director George Tenet, (May 2, 2007) available at
23	http://transcripts.cnn.com/TRANSCRIPTS/0705/02/sitroom.02.html.
24	20. Former CIA Director Porter Goss has also testified about the rendition program in an
25	open session of the Senate Armed Services Committee. In response to Senator
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28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 12

1	Kennedy's questions about the existence of the rendition program and the transfer of
2	terrorist suspects by the CIA, Goss stated:
3	[O]n the subject of transferring dangerous terrorists and how that all comes about,
4	there are obviously a number of equities involved. We have liaison sources, we have our other government agencies. The idea of moving people around,
5	transferring people for criminal or other reasons, by government agencies is not new. For us in the intelligence business, the idea of helping out dealing with
6 7	terrorists has been around for about 20 years. And we do have policies and programs on how to do it. We also have liaison partners who make requests of us,
8	and we try to respect not only the sovereign rights of other countries, but all of the conventions and our own laws and, of course, the Constitution. And as far as I
9	know, we do that.
10	A copy of the transcript Threats to U.S. National Security: Before the Senate
11	Armed Services Committee, 109th Cong., 4 (2005) (Responses to Senators
12	McCain and Kennedy) is available at
13	http://www.humanrightsfirst.org/us_law/etn/docs/fedwires125g.htm.
14	21. The current CIA Director, General Michael Hayden, has also openly discussed and
15	defended the rendition program during a public speech and subsequent question-and-
16 17	answer session at the Council on Foreign Relations in New York on September 7,
17	2007. General Hayden's speech focused on what he described as the CIA's
19	"rendition, detention and interrogation programs" and the Agency's "close
20	collaboration with allied intelligence services." In his remarks, General Hayden
21	emphasized that the program is "very closely controlled and lawfully conducted" and
22	revealed that "[m]ore than 70 percent of the human intelligence reporting used in [the
23	National Intelligence Estimate] is based on information from detainees." He
24	discussed the genesis of the current program, noting that "[i]t began with the capture
25	of Abu Zubaydah in the spring of 2002." General Hayden also gave the audience
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20	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 13

1	statistical data relative to the program, revealing that "[f]ewer than 100 people had
2	been detained at CIA's facilities, and that" "the number of renditions – that's moving
3	a terrorist from A to B – apart from that 100 that [the CIA] has detained is mid-
4	range two figures." General Hayden elaborated on certain operational details about
5 6	the CIA's programs and those involved: the "CIA handles a very small number of
7	senior al Qaeda leaders. The average age of interrogators is 43. The amount of
8	training for [interrogators] is 240 hours." And, in disparaging one of the findings of
9	the European Parliament's investigation into renditions that "at least 1,245 flights
10	operated by the CIA flew into European airspace and stopped over at European
11	airports between the end of 2001 and the end of 2005," General Hayden maintained
12	that the "actual number of rendition flights ever flown by CIA is a tiny fraction of
13 14	that."
14	22. General Hayden confirmed that the rendition program involved both the rendition of
16	terror suspects to detention and interrogation by the CIA and renditions to detention
17	and interrogation by other governments. He repeatedly sought to justify both these
18	types of renditions and the interrogation techniques employed by reference to a legal
19	framework. Specifically, in regards to renditions to other governments, Hayden
20	stated:
21	[W]e do not circumvent any restrictions that we have on ourselves. There is a
22 23	standard that we have to – have to apply in each and every case. We have to receive assurances and we have to have confidence in the assurances that this individual
23 24	will be handled in a way that is consistent with international law. And we are required to maintain awareness of how this individual is handled. Now that's not an
25	invasive right to go to an ally with a clip board and see how they're running day-to- day activity with a detainee, but as an intelligence agency we have a broad
26	responsibility that the assurances we receive at the beginning – that we continue to
27	have confidence that we should have in those assurances We have to believe that it is less rather than more likely that the individual will be tortured.
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 14

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2	General Hayden explained that this standard was adopted from the "legislative history
3	for the Senate working to pass the International Covenant Against Torture." In
4	relation to a question on specific interrogation techniques employed, General Hayden,
5	stated that they too were in compliance with U.S. law, including a Presidential
6	"executive order in the Federal Register," U.S. obligations under Common Article 3
7	of the Geneva Conventions, and the Convention Against Torture's "legislative history
8	to the prohibition in domestic law against cruel and inhuman punishment articulated
9 10	by the 5 th , 8 th and 14 th Amendments to the Constitution." General Hayden also stated
10	that the techniques used by the CIA were "different from what is contained in the
12	Army Field Manual" and added that the methods contained in the manual "did not
13	exhaust[] the universe of lawful interrogation techniques consistent with the Geneva
14	Convention "
15	In any event, Hayden explained, the limitations imposed by the Army Field Manual
16	were not applicable to the CIA because the CIA is not part of the Department of
17 18	Defense. Attached hereto as Exhibit P is a true and correct copy of A Conversation
19	with Michael Hayden, Council on Foreign Relations, (Sept. 7, 2007), available at
20	http://www.cfr.org/publication/14162/conversation_with_michael_hayden_rush_trans
21	cript_federal_news_service.html.
22	23. In October, General Hayden followed this meeting with a one hour in-depth interview
23	on PBS with Charlie Rose. During this interview, Hayden affirmed many of the
24	statements made relative to the CIA's "rendition, detention and interrogation
25 26	programs" during his presentation before the Council on Foreign Relations. General
20 27	
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	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 15

1	Hayden confirmed the number of persons who had been rendered by the CIA since
2	September 11 as "mid-range, two figures," and stated that the CIA had itself detained
3	"fewer than a hundred," of whom "fewer than a third" were subjected to "enhanced
4	interrogation techniques." Commenting on CIA interrogation techniques, General
5	Hayden noted that the CIA acts in accordance with prescribed standards that were
6	authorized under U.S. and international laws:
7	
8	There are absolute standards. Those standards are embodied in our law. They're in the Military Commissions Act, for example. They're in how we ratify the
9 10	Convention Against Torture. They're in domestic U.S. law that forbid [sic] different aspects of torture. Some things are just absolutely forbidden. Some things
	are just wrong. And they're mentioned very specifically.
11	Attached hereto as Exhibit Q is a true and correct copy of Transcript of Director
12 13	Hayden's Interview with Charlie Rose, (Oct. 24, 2007) available at
13	https://www.cia.gov/news-information/press-releases-statements/interview-with-
15	charlie-rose.html.
16	24. General Hayden's most recent exposition of the rendition program was on December
17	6, 2007. In justifying the destruction of CIA videotapes showing the interrogation of
18	certain detainees held by the CIA, General Hayden, in highly specific terms,
19	confirmed the existence of the program and defended its legality. A copy of the
20	transcript of General Hayden's remarks is available at https://www.cia.gov/news-
21	information/press-releases-statements/taping-of-early-detainee-interrogations.html
22	mormation/press-releases-statements/taping-or-earry-detainee-interrogations.num
23	("The press has learned that back in 2002, during the initial stage of our terrorist
24	detention program, CIA videotaped interrogations, and destroyed the tapes in 2005
25	Over the course of its life, the Agency's interrogation program has been of great value
26	to our country. It has helped disrupt terrorist operations and save lives. It was built
27	
27	

1	on a solid foundation of legal review. It has been conducted with careful
2	supervision.").
3	25. In an article in the Washington Post on December 1, 2007, a spokesman for the CIA,
4	Paul Gimigliano, in response to questions about the CIA's liaison with Jordanian
5	intelligence in the rendition program, stated that: "The United States does not transfer
6 7	individuals to any country if it believes they will be tortured there Setting aside
, 8	the myths, rendition is, in fact, a lawful, effective tool that has been used over the
9	years on a very limited scale, and is designed to take terrorists off the street."
10	Attached hereto as Exhibit R is a true and correct copy of Craig Whitlock, <i>Jordan's</i>
11	Spy Agency: Holding Cell for the CIA, WASH. POST. Dec. 1, 2007, at A1, available at
12	http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-
13	
14	dyn/content/article/2007/11/30/AR2007113002484_pf.html.
15	26. Michael Scheuer, a former CIA official, has repeatedly described the origins and
16	initial objectives of the rendition program, and how those objectives have
17	dramatically altered since September 11. Most recently, Scheuer, a 22-year veteran of
18	the CIA and Chief of the Bin Laden Unit at the Counterterrorist Center from 1996 to
19 20	1999, and an architect of the rendition program, has described the program in a
20 21	Congressional hearing focused on extraordinary rendition:
22	The Rendition Program was initiated because President Clinton and Messrs. Lake,
23	Berger and Clarke requested that the CIA begin to attack and dismantle al-Qaeda. These men made it clear from the first that they did not want to bring those captured
24	to the United States or to hold them in U.S. custody After 9/11 and under President Bush, rendered al-Qaeda operatives have been most often kept in U.S.
25	custody.
26	
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 17

1	A copy of the transcript of Extraordinary Rendition in U.S. Counterterrorism Policy:
2	The Impact on Transatlantic Relations: Before H. Subcomm. on International
3	Organizations, Human Rights, and Oversight and H. Subcomm. on Europe,
4	Comm. on Foreign Affairs, 110 th Cong. 18-45 (2007) (Testimony of Michael Scheuer)
5	is <i>available at</i> http://foreignaffairs.house.gov/110/34712.pdf. During an interview on
6	national television, Mr. Scheuer also said that "[t]he direction [from the politicians]
7	was find, apprehend and hold senior members of Al Qaeda and try to find out
8 9	
9 10	what they know about coming attacks against the United States," adding that, at the
10	time, "the U.S. government is willing to hold these people at various incarceration
11	sites around the world." A copy of the transcript of Interview of Michael Scheuer,
12	PBS Frontline, (Oct. 18, 2005) is available at
14	http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/pages/frontline/torture/interviews/scheuer.html.
15	Finally, Mr. Scheuer wrote in the New York Times that "[r]enditions were called for,
16	authorized and legally vetted not just by the N.S.C. and the Justice Department, but
17	also by the presidents – both Mr. Clinton and George W. Bush," and "if mistakes
18	were made, like the alleged cases of innocent detainees, they should be corrected
19	." A copy of Michael Scheuer, A Fine Rendition, N.Y. TIMES, (Mar. 11, 2005), at
20	A23 is available at http://www.nytimes.com/2005/03/11/opinion/11scheuer.html
21	27. Robert Baer, a former covert officer for the CIA who left the agency after 21 years,
22 23	has confirmed that one goal of the rendition program is to employ harsher
23 24	interrogation tactics: "If you send a prisoner to Jordan you get a better interrogation.
25	
26	If you send a prisoner, for instance, to Egypt you will probably never see him again,
27	the same way with Syria." A copy of the transcript of this interview "File on Four" –
28	
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1	Rendition, BBC, (Feb. 8, 2005) is available at
2	http://news.bbc.co.uk/nol/shared/bsp/hi/pdfs/15_02_05_renditions.pdf.
3	28. Tyler Drumheller, a 26-year veteran of the CIA who was head of covert operations in
4	Europe from 2001 to 2005, publicly acknowledged his involvement with the rendition
5 6	program in an interview with the German magazine Der Spiegel: "I once had to brief
7	Condoleezza Rice on a rendition operation, and her chief concern was not whether it
8	was the right thing to do, but what the president would think about it This is no
9	way to run a covert policy." Drumheller also described the rendition teams as "drawn
10	from paramilitary officers who are brave and colorful. They are the men who went
11	into Baghdad before the bombs and into Afghanistan before the army." A copy of
12	this interview, We Probably Gave Powell the Wrong Speech, (Jan. 29, 2007) is
13	available at http://www.spiegel.de/international/spiegel/0,1518,462782,00.html.
14	29. Since 2003, Members of Congress have publicly debated the rendition program and
15	
16	proposed concrete legislative measures for its reform or abolition. In response to a
17 18	letter from Senator Leahy expressing concerns about rendition and its failure to
10	comport with U.S. obligations under the Convention Against Torture, William J.
20	Haynes II, General Counsel of the Department of Defense wrote: "Should an
21	individual be transferred to another country to be held on behalf of the United States,
22	or should we otherwise deem it appropriate, United States policy is to obtain specific
23	assurances from the receiving country that it will not torture the individual being
24	transferred to that country." A copy of the Letter from William J. Haynes II to
25	Senator Patrick Leahy, (June 25, 2003) is available at
26	http://hrw.org/press/2003/06/letter-to-leahy.pdf.
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 19

1	30. Senator Leahy has introduced legislation to address the rendition of any individual by
2	the United States to another country. A copy of Convention Against Torture
3	Implementation Act 2005, S. 654, 109 th Cong., (2005) is available at
4	http://frwebgate.access.gpo.gov/cgi-
5	bin/getdoc.cgi?dbname=109_cong_bills&docid=f:s654is.txt.pdf. Representative
6 7	Markey has introduced similar legislation in the House. A copy of <i>Torture</i>
8	<i>Outsourcing Prevention Act</i> , H.R. 952, 109 th Cong., (2005) is available at
9	http://www.theorator.com/bills109/hr952.html. In introducing the bill, Representative
10	Markey stated: "Under the name 'extraordinary rendition,' the CIA reportedly sends
11	
12	terrorism suspects, sometimes on the flimsiest of evidence, to foreign countries that
13	are known to employ torture in prisoner interrogation" A copy of Rep. Markey's
14	comments, Introduction of Legislation Prohibiting Extraordinary Rendition, Cong.
15	Rec. E1225 (Jun. 23, 2004) (statement of Rep. Markey) House of Representatives,
16	(June 23, 2004) is available at www.fas.org/irp/congress/2004_cr/rendition.html.
17	Most recently, on July 25, 2007, Senator Biden introduced legislation to "prohibit
18	extraterritorial detention and rendition." A copy of this Bill, National Security with
19	Justice Act of 2007, S. 1876, 110 th Cong., (2007) is available at
20	http://frwebgate.access.gpo.gov/cgi-
21	bin/getdoc.cgi?dbname=110_cong_bills&docid=f:s1876is.txt.pdf
22	31. In 2007, public hearings were convened by three separate senate committees to hear
23	
24	testimony on the rendition program, including the CIA's detention and treatment of
25 26	detainees, the alleged use of European countries to facilitate the transfer and detention
26 27	of terror suspects, and the rendition of a Canadian citizen, Maher Arar, from the
27	
20	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt $-C$ 07-cv-02798 (JW) 20

1	United States to detention and interrogation under torture in Syria in 2002. (1)
2	Rendition, Extraterritorial Detention, And Treatment Of Detainees: Restoring Our
3	Moral Credibility And Strengthening Our Diplomatic Standing: Before the S. Foreign
4	Relations Comm., 110 th Cong. (2007); Opening statements by the Chairman, Ranking
5 6	Member, and witnesses are available at
7	http://www.senate.gov/~foreign/hearings/2007/hrg070726a.html; (2) Rendition to
8	Torture: The Case of Maher Arar: H. Comm. on Foreign Affairs, Subcomm. on
9	International Organizations, Human Rights, and Oversight, and the H. Comm. on the
10	Judiciary, Subcomm. on the Constitution, Civil Rights, and Civil Liberties, 110 th
11	Cong. (2007); full hearing transcript <i>available from</i> www.cq.com; and (3)
12	Extraordinary Rendition in U.S. Counterterrorism Policy: The Impact on
13	Transatlantic Relations: Before H. Subcomm. on International Organizations, Human
14	Rights, and Oversight and H. Subcomm. on Europe, Comm. on Foreign Affairs, 110 th
15 16	Cong. (2007) Op. Cit. at ¶ 26, <i>available at</i>
10	http://www.fas.org/irp/congress/2007_hr/rendition.pdf.
18	
19	32. The interest of members of Congress in the rendition program has also prompted a
20	series of reports by the Congressional Research Service the first published in 2005
21	and the latest in October, 2007 that comprehensively detail the history of the
22	program, its current parameters, and the legal constraints on its use under domestic
23	and international law. A copy of the most recent of these reports, Renditions and
24	Constraints Imposed by Laws on Torture, (Oct. 12, 2007) is available at
25	http://www.fas.org/sgp/crs/natsec/RL32890.pdf.
26	
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 21

1	33. National and international Human Rights organizations in numerous reports have		
2	documented the existence of the program and cited in detail to many examples of its		
3	use by the United States around the world. See, e.g.:		
4	i. Human Rights Watch, Empty Promises: Diplomatic Assurances No Safeguard		
5	Against Torture (Apr. 2004), available at		
6 7	http://www.hrw.org/reports/2004/un0404/ (documenting specific rendition		
8	cases, including the rendition of Plaintiff Agiza and discussing use and efficacy		
9	of "diplomatic assurances" in the process);		
10	ii. International Federation for Human Rights, Morocco: Human Rights abuses in		
11	the fight Against Terrorism (July 2004), available at		
12	http://www.fidh.org/IMG/pdf/maroc379-2.pdf (documenting widespread torture		
13	and other abuse of persons detained under Moroccan anti-terror laws, and		
14	renditions to Morocco, including allegations of Plaintiff Britel);		
15 16	iii. Human Rights Watch, <i>The United States' "Disappeared": The CIA's Long-</i>		
10			
18	Term "Ghost Detainees" (Oct. 12, 2004), available at		
19	http://www.hrw.org/backgrounder/usa/us1004/us1004.pdf (recounting U.S.'s		
20	detention of 11 detainees, the history of disappearances in international law and		
21	practice, the laws that it violates, and the CIA's "different rules" for detention		
22	and interrogation);		
23	iv. Amnesty International, USA/Yemen, Secret Detention in CIA "Black Sites"		
24	(Nov. 8, 2005), <i>available at</i>		
25	http://web.amnesty.org/library/pdf/AMR511772005ENGLISH/\$File/AMR5117		
26			
27			
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 22		

1		705.pdf (documenting U.S. and Yemeni governments' involvement in rendition,
2		including rendition of Plaintiff Bashmilah);
3	v.	Center for Human Rights and Global Justice, Fate and Whereabouts Unknown:
4		Detainees in the "War on Terror" (Dec. 17, 2005), available at
5		http://www.chrgj.org/docs/Whereabouts%20Unknown%20Final.pdf (describing
6		various methods of holding detainees who have been subject to rendition);
7	:	
8	vi.	•
9		Disappearance (Apr. 5, 2006), available at
10		http://web.amnesty.org/library/Index/ENGAMR510512006 (describing use of
11		privately owned aircraft in U.S. rendition program and tying their use to specific
12		rendition flights, including those of plaintiffs);
13 14	vii.	Association of the Bar of the City of New York and Center for Human Rights
14		and Global Justice, Torture By Proxy: International and Domestic Law
16		Applicable to "Extraordinary Renditions" (2004, modified June 2006),
17		available at http://www.chrgj.org/docs/TortureByProxy.pdf (documenting U.S.
18		involvement in numerous renditions, including Plaintiffs Mohamed, Agiza, and
19		Bashmilah, and setting forth applicable legal framework); and
20		
21	V111.	Amnesty International et al., Off the Record: U.S. Responsibility for Enforced
22		Disappearances in the "War on Terror" (June 2007), available at
23		http://hrw.org/backgrounder/usa/ct0607/ct0607web.pdf (presenting information
24		on 39 detainees suspected to have been held at CIA "black site" detention
25		facilities outside the United States and who remain missing).
26		
27		
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 23

1	34. Concern among European nations about complicity in the rendition program through
2	the operation of U.Srun detention centers in certain European countries and the use
3	of European airspace and airports by the CIA to facilitate the program has resulted in
4	inter-governmental inquiries by the Council of Europe and European Parliament, as
5	well as separate criminal investigations and public inquiries in at least 18 countries,
6	including France, Italy, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, Portugal, Germany and
7 •	Canada.
8 9	
	i. Attached hereto as Exhibit S are true and correct copies of (a) Council Of
10	Europe's Parliamentary Assembly Committee on Legal Affairs and Human
11	Rights (Rapporteur Dick Marty), Alleged Secret Detentions and Unlawful Inter-
12	state Transfers Involving Council of Europe Member States (June 12, 2006),
13	available at
14	http://assembly.coe.int/Documents/WorkingDocs/doc06/edoc10957.pdf (based
15 16	on interviews with U.S. and European government officials, official information
17	provided by national and international air traffic control authorities and other
18	documentation, and testimony from witnesses including plaintiffs - and
19	documenting, inter alia, the evolution of the rendition program; its operation in
20	Europe since September 11; the specific modus operandi of renditions; and the
21	legal framework within which it purportedly operates; and (b) Council Of
22	Europe's Parliamentary Assembly Committee on Legal Affairs and Human
23	
24	Rights (Rapporteur Dick Marty), Secret Detentions and Illegal Transfers of
25	Detainees Involving Council of Europe Member States: Second Report (June 11,
26	2007), available at
27	
28	Declaration of Stavan Machanan Watt C 07 av 02708 (IW)

1		http://assembly.coe.int/Documents/WorkingDocs/Doc07/edoc11302.pdf
2		(identifying specific aircraft used by the CIA to effect renditions; based on an
3		analysis of data on their movement through European airspace and "credible and
4		concordant testimonies" concluding that the CIA had operated secret detention
5		centers in Poland and Romania as part of the U.S. "High Values Detainee"
6		program);
7		
8	ii.	Attached hereto as Exhibit T is a true and correct copy of European Parliament,
9		TDIP Temporary Committee (Rapporteur Giovanni Fava), Report on the alleged
10		use of European countries by the CIA for the transportation and illegal
11		detention of prisoners (Jan. 30, 2007), available at
12		http://www.europarl.europa.eu/comparl/tempcom/tdip/final_report_en.pdf
13		(from witness testimonies, interviews with U.S. and European government
14		
15		officials and an analysis of flight records from national and international air
16		traffic control authorities, concluding that the U.S. rendition program has
17		operated in Europe since September 11; identifying specific aircraft used by the
18		CIA to effect renditions, including rendition of plaintiffs); see also, Working
19		Document No. 7 on 'Extraordinary Renditions' (Nov. 16, 2006), available at
20		http://www.europarl.europa.eu/comparl/tempcom/tdip/working_docs/pe380593_
21		
22		en.pdf; Working Document No. 8 on the Companies Linked to the CIA, Aircraft
23		Used by the CIA and the European Countries in which CIA Aircraft Have Made
24		Stopovers (Nov. 16, 2006), available at
25		http://www.europarl.europa.eu/comparl/tempcom/tdip/working_docs/pe380984_
26		en.pdf; and Working Document No. 9 on Certain European Countries Analyzed
27		
28	De	eclaration of Steven Macpherson Watt $-C$ 07-cv-02798 (JW)

1		During the Work of the Temporary Committee (Feb. 26, 2007), available at
2		http://www.europarl.europa.eu/comparl/tempcom/tdip/working_docs/pe382420_
3		en.pdf;
4	iii.	Attached hereto as Exhibit U is a true and correct copy of All Party
5		Parliamentary Group (UK), APPG Measures on Rendition (Sept. 25, 2007)
6		
7		(explaining UK involvement in renditions by the United States, highlighting
8		why current UK arrangements are inadequate to prevent future renditions, and
9		proposing new measures);
10	iv.	Craig Whitlock, New Swedish Documents Illuminate CIA Action: Probe Finds
11		'Rendition' Of Terror Suspects Illegal, WASH. POST, May 21, 2005, at A1,
12		available at http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-
13		dyn/content/article/2005/05/20/AR2005052001605.html (reporting on ten-
14 15		month investigation into rendition of Plaintiff Agiza and another Egyptian
15		asylum seeker, Mohamed El-Zery);
10		
17	v.	Giles Tremlett, Spanish Police Expose More CIA Links To Secret Flights Of
10		Detainees, THE GUARDIAN (UK), Nov. 15, 2005, at 18, available at
20		http://www.guardian.co.uk/spain/article/0,,1642828,00.html (reporting that
20		Spanish police have traced up to 42 suspected CIA operatives believed to have
22		taken part in secret flights carrying detained or kidnapped Islamic terror suspects
23		to interrogation centers and jails in Afghanistan, Egypt, and elsewhere);
24	vi.	Craig Whitlock, Europeans Probe Secret CIA Flights: Questions Surround
25		Possible Illegal Transfer of Terrorism Suspects, WASH. POST, Nov. 17, 2005, at
26		
27		A22, available at http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt – c 07-cv-02798 (JW)
		26

1		dyn/content/article/2005/11/16/AR2005111602198.html (reporting that officials
2		in Spain, Sweden, Norway and European Parliament had opened formal
3		inquiries or demanded answers from U.S. officials about CIA rendition flights
4		within their respective jurisdictions);
5	vii.	Eric Decouty, La France Enquete Sur Les Avions de la CIA, LE FIGARO (France)
6		(Oct. 15, 2007), <i>available at</i>
7		http://www.lefigaro.fr/france/20060302.FIG000000200_la_france_enquete_sur_
8		http://www.ieifgaro.ii/france/20000502.iff0000000200_ia_france_enquete_sur_
9		les_avions_de_la_cia.html (reporting that Attorney General for Bobigny had
10		opened criminal investigation into use of Bobingy airport by CIA for rendition
11		flights);
12	viii.	Common any prohe to include CIA "kidnen" flighte DEUTEDS (Mor. 10, 2006)
13	V111.	German spy probe to include CIA "kidnap" flights, REUTERS (Mar. 10, 2006),
14		available at
15		http://www.redorbit.com/news/international/423487/german_spy_probe_to_incl
16		ude_cia_kidnap_flights/# (reporting on commencement of German
17		parliamentary inquiry into alleged kidnapping of Khaled El-Masri by CIA);
18	ix.	Mark Landler, German Court Challenges C.I.A. Over Abduction, N.Y. TIMES,
19		Feb. 1, 2007, at A1, available at
20		http://www.p.times.com/2007/02/01/world/ourses/01.compense html2. $n=1$ % and
21		http://www.nytimes.com/2007/02/01/world/europe/01germany.html?_r=1&oref
22		=slogin (reporting on issuance of arrest warrants for 13 members of "C.I.A.
23		abduction team" in Munich, Germany, in connection with rendition of Khaled
24		El-Masri);
25	х.	John Goetz, Marcel Rosenbach, Holger Stark, C.I.A. Arrest Warrants Strain
26		U.SGerman Ties, SPIEGEL ONLINE (Germany) (June 25, 2007), available at
27		
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 27

1		http://www.spiegel.de/international/germany/0,1518,490514,00.html (discussing
2		progress in German investigation and identification of CIA participants in
3		rendition of Khaled El-Masri);
4	xi.	Portugal Joins States Probing CIA Flights, UPI (Feb. 7, 2007), available at
5		http://www.upi.com/Security_Terrorism/Analysis/2007/02/07/portugal_joins_st
6		ates_probing_cia_flights/9324// (reporting on opening of investigation into CIA
7		
8		rendition flights that allegedly used Portuguese airports);
9	xii.	Attached hereto as Exhibit V is a true and correct copy of Craig Whitlock, Milan
10		Court Indicts 26 Americans in Abduction, WASH. POST, Feb. 17, 2007, at A1
11		(reporting on indictments of 25 CIA operatives, including head of CIA Milan
12		substation, and U.S. Air Force servicemember in Italy, with kidnapping and
13		other crimes in connection with rendition of Abu Omar);
14	¥ 4 4 4	Attached hereto as Exhibit W is a true and correct copy of U.K Intelligence and
15	XIII.	
16		Security Committee, Rendition (July 2007), available at
17		http://www.cabinetoffice.gov.uk/upload/assets/www.cabinetoffice.gov.uk/public
18		ations/intelligence/20070725_isc_final.pdf . (finding that the government of the
19		United Kingdom was aware of, and in some cases assisted through shared
20		intelligence, the rendition of persons who were "UK nationals or lived in the UK
21		or were believed to possess intelligence about terrorist activity in or relating to
22		
23		the UK," including Plaintiffs Mohamed and Al-Rawi.); and
24	xiv.	Report of the Events Relating to Maher Arar: Factual Background (Sept. 18,
25		2006), and Report of the Events Relating to Maher Arar: Analysis and
26		Recommendations (Dec. 6, 2006), available at
27		
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 28

1	http://www.ararcommission.ca/eng/26.htm. (reporting on the findings of a
2	Commission of Inquiry convened in Canada following the rendition of a
3	Canadian citizen, Maher Arar, by U.S. officials to detention and interrogation in
4	Syria. Public hearings commenced in May 2005, and the Commission issued its
5	factual report in September 2006 and its analysis and recommendations in
6	December 2006. The carefully assembled reports, which total over 1,200 pages
7 8	and were based on a review of the testimony of over 70 persons and 21,500
9	documents, painstakingly detail the events surrounding Mr. Arar's rendition.
10	
11	The Inquiry's report makes clear that the United States government removed
12	Mr. Arar to Syria, where he was tortured and kept in custody for a year.).
13	35. The United Nations has also examined the U.S. rendition program. In 2006, the U.N.
14	Committee Against Torture (CAT) conducted a review of the U.S. rendition program.
15	As part of the review process, the United States submitted an exhaustive written
16	response to the Committee's written inquiries, and a large delegation from the United
17	States also defended U.S. practices orally over the course of two days of Committee
18	hearings in Geneva. In both the written and oral responses, the United States admitted
19	that renditions have taken place but claimed that they would not take place in
20	situations where detainees would be tortured. A copy of the [Written] Response of
21	the United States of America [to Questions Asked by the Committee Against Torture]
22 23	(2006) is available at http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/68662.pdf; see
23	<i>also</i> , John Bellinger, U.S. Department of State Legal Adviser, U.S. Delegation Oral
25	Response to Questions Asked by the Committee Against Torture (May 5, 2006),
26	
27	available at http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/68561.htm. Legal Adviser Bellinger also
28	

1	conducted a "media roundtable" in Brussels, in which he admitted that renditions had
2	taken place in the post-September 11 era, particularly prior to 2004. A copy of the
3	Transcript of Legal Advisor Bellinger's Media Roundtable in Brussels (May 4, 2006)
4	is available at
5	http://useu.usmission.gov/Dossiers/Detainee_Issues/May0406_Bellinger_CIA_Flights
6	
7	.asp.
8	36. Despite the State Department's efforts to defend U.S. practices, the CAT's resulting
9	report was highly critical of the United States. The report expressed specific concern
10	about "the occurrence of cases of extraterritorial torture of detainees," the failure of
11	the United States to always "register persons detained in territories under its
12	jurisdiction outside the United States," the establishment of secret detention facilities,
13 14	U.S. involvement in enforced disappearances, U.S. refusal to uphold the CAT's
15	requirement of non-refoulement outside the boundaries of the United States, and the
16	use of "diplomatic assurances" to justify sending detainees to countries where the
17	United States knows there is nevertheless a high likelihood of torture. A copy of
18	United Nations Committee Against Torture, Consideration of Reports Submitted by
19	States Parties Under Article 19 of Convention: Conclusions and Recommendations of
20	the Committee Against Torture (July 25, 2006) is available at
21	http://www.unhchr.ch/TBS/doc.nsf/e121f32fbc58faafc1256a2a0027ba24/e2d4f5b2dc
22	cc0a4cc12571ee00290ce0/\$FILE/G0643225.pdf.
23	
24	37. The U.N. Committee Against Torture (CAT) and the U.N. Human Rights Committee
25 26	also separately considered the rendition of Plaintiff Agiza and another Egyptian
26 27	asylum seeker, Mohammed al-Zery, both of whom were rendered from Sweden to
27 28	
20	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 30

1	Egypt on December 18, 2001. In the course of its deliberations, the CAT considered
2	evidence of CIA involvement produced by the parties. In Agiza v. Sweden, the CAT
3	found Sweden in violation of article 3 (prohibition against rendition to torture) of the
4	U.N. Convention Against Torture. A copy of the decision Agiza v. Sweden,
5 6	CAT/C/34/D/233/2003 (May 24, 2005) is available at
7	http://www.unhchr.ch/tbs/doc.nsf/(Symbol)/4dec90a558d30573c1257020005225b9?
8	Opendocument. The U.N. Human Rights Committee (HRC) also found Sweden in
9	violation of the torture ban in connection with the rendition of the other Egyptian
10	asylum seeker, Mohammed El-Zery, despite Sweden's having obtained "diplomatic
11	assurances" from Egypt against torture. In El-Zery v. Sweden, the HRC found that
12	such assurances did not provide an effective safeguard against torture or ill-treatment.
13 14	A copy of the decision, El-Zery v. Sweden, CCPR/C/88/D/1416/2005 (Nov. 10, 2006)
14	is available at
16	http://www.unhchr.ch/tbs/doc.nsf/(Symbol)/13fac9ce4f35d66dc12572220049e394?O
17	pendocument. Sweden later acknowledged its wrongdoing in both cases and repealed
18	the expulsion orders that had enabled their rendition. Attached hereto as Exhibit X is
19	a true and correct copy of Sweden Admits Error in Expelling Egyptian, TORONTO
20	STAR, Mar. 2, 2007, at A9. See also Exhibit C to Declaration of Anna Wigenmark,
21 22	filed herewith.
22	38. Both the U.N. Special Rapporteur on Torture and the U.N. Special Rapporteur on the
24	Promotion and Protection of Human Rights while Countering Terrorism have
25	expressed grave concerns in the cases of a number of victims of rendition, including
26	some of the plaintiffs. On August 30, 2005, the U.N. Special Rapporteur on Torture
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 31

1	submitted a report to the U.N. General Assembly that includes an analysis of specific
2	rendition cases including some of the plaintiffs and U.S. involvement therein.
3	The report concludes that the renditions violated key provisions of the U.N.
4	Convention Against Torture. A copy of the Report of the U.N Special Rapporteur on
5	Torture to the U.N. General Assembly (Rapporteur Manfred Nowak) (Aug. 30, 2005)
6 7	is available at http://documents.un.org/welcome.asp?language=E, [click on "Simple
8	Search," enter "A/60/316" under "Symbol," click on "Search," then click on
9	A/60/316, then click on "English."].
10	39. On May 29, 2007, the U.N. Special Rapporteur on the Promotion and Protection of
11	
12	Human Rights while Countering Terrorism issued a preliminary report on his findings
12	following a ten day visit to the United States. This report references specific rendition
13	cases including some of the plaintiffs and U.S. involvement therein. He notes
15	"that the refusal of the Acting General Counsel for the CIA to engage in any
16	meaningful interaction, and in the light of corroborating evidence supports the
17	suspicion that the CIA has been involved and continues to be involved in the
18	extraordinary rendition of terrorism suspects and possibly other persons." He further
19	notes that the CIA's use of "civil aircraft" to transport "persons subjected to
20	
21	extraordinary rendition, whether by contract or by the establishment of airlines
22	controlled by the Agency is in violation of the Chicago Convention on Civil
23	Aviation." A copy of the Preliminary Findings on Visit to United States by Special
24	Rapporteur on Promotion and Protection of Human Rights While Countering
25	Terrorism (Rapporteur Martin Scheinin) (May. 29, 2007) is available at
26	
27	
28	
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http://www.unhchr.ch/huricane/huricane.nsf/view01/338107B9FD5A33CDC12572EA 005286F8?opendocument.

3 40. Documentary evidence and media reports indicate that U.S. government agencies 4 have also inquired into the lawfulness of the rendition program. In August 2005, a 5 legal memorandum drafted by the FBI analyzing interrogation techniques in place at 6 Guantánamo became publicly available. The memorandum includes a legal analysis 7 8 of rendition as one of four interrogation techniques employed on detainees at 9 Guantánamo, and notes that one of the techniques contemplates the transfer of 10 detainees from Guantánamo, "either temporarily or permanently, to Jordan, Egypt or 11 another third country to allow those countries to employ interrogation techniques that 12 will enable them to obtain the requisite information." The memorandum concludes 13 that U.S. officials engaging in rendition could be prosecuted for conspiracy to commit 14 torture under applicable U.S. laws. Attached hereto as Exhibit Y is a true and correct 15 copy of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Memorandum on Legal Analysis of 16 17 Interrogation Techniques (Nov. 27, 2002); see also Michael Isikoff, Exclusive: Secret 18 Memo – Send to Be Tortured, NEWSWEEK (Aug. 8, 2005) at 7, available at 19 http://www.newsweek.com/id/56347 (quoting unnamed senior U.S. law-enforcement 20 official familiar who stated that "the memo reflects concerns among many agents and 21 lawyers about 'rendition.""). 22 41. According to media reports, the Inspector General of the CIA is conducting an 23 24 investigation of the rendition program and specific instances of mistakes that have

Imprisonment: Anatomy of a CIA Mistake, WASH. POST, Dec. 4, 2005, at A1,

been made in relation to its implementation. See Dana Priest, Wrongful

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available at http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-

2 dyn/content/article/2005/12/03/AR2005120301476.html (reporting that the "CIA 3 Inspector General is investigating a growing number of what it calls 'erroneous 4 renditions' according to several former and current intelligence officials. One official 5 said about three dozen names fall in that category; others believe it is fewer. The list 6 includes several people whose identities were offered by al Qaeda figures during CIA 7 interrogations."); CIA Watchdog Looks into 'Erroneous Renditions': Inspector 8 9 general investigates cases of people mistaken as terror suspects, ASSOCIATED PRESS 10 (Dec. 27, 2005), available at http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/10618427/ (citing 11 current intelligence official and reporting that CIA's inspector general is investigating 12 fewer than 10 cases of potentially "erroneous renditions"); Mark Mazzetti and Scott 13 Shane, C.I.A. Watchdog Becomes Subject of C.I.A. Inquiry, N.Y. TIMES, Oct.12, 2007, 14 at A1. available at 15 http://query.nytimes.com/gst/fullpage.html?res=9E06E3DF143FF931A25753C1A961 16 17 9C8B63 (reporting that: "A report by Mr. Helgerson's Office completed in the spring 18 of 2004 warned that some C.I.A. approved interrogation procedures appeared to 19 constitute cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment, as defined by the International 20 Convention Against Torture."). 21 42. Egyptian officials have openly acknowledged their role in cooperating with the 22 United States intelligence services in the rendition program, and Human Rights Watch 23 24 has documented Egypt's role in the program as far back as 1994. A copy of the 25 transcript of a Meet the Press interview between NBC's Tim Russet and Egyptian 26 Prime Minister Ahmed Nazif (May 15, 2005) is available at 27 28

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Source: ACLU

1	http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/7862265/ (asked how many terrorism suspects had
2	been sent to Egypt by the United States since 9/11, Prime Minister Nazif responded:
3	"I don't know the exact number, but I know that people have been sent there. The
4	numbers have varied. Some have the number 60 or 70. But I think that it's important
5	– you know, when you have Egyptians that have been arrested abroad, we seek to
6	bring them back to the country. Now, to say that we're bringing them back to torture
7	
8	them, I think is not a very accurate statement. We shouldn't be doing that. We're not
9	doing that. But it happens sometimes "). The Human Rights Watch report, <i>Black</i>
10	Hole: The Fate of Islamists Rendered to Egypt (May, 2005) is available at
11 12	http://hrw.org/reports/2005/egypt0505/ (based on interviews with exiled activists,
12	Egyptian lawyers, human rights groups, and family members of current detainees, as
13	well as reviews of English and Arabic press accounts, identifying at least 63
15	individuals who have been rendered to, and in a few cases from, Egypt since 1995
16	[see Appendix I]. Human Rights Watch notes that the United States was actively
17	involved in the rendition process.).
18	43. Media reports on the rendition program generally, and plaintiffs' rendition
19	specifically, are too numerous to assemble. A Westlaw "ALLNEWS" search
20 21	confined to "rendition" and plaintiffs' names in the period from January 2005 to
21 22	November 15, 2007 revealed 528 news articles in that database alone. Articles about
23	the rendition program have appeared on the front pages of the Washington Post, New
24	York Times, and Los Angeles Times, and have been prominently featured in The
25	New Yorker, Newsweek, and other major publications around the world. The case of
26	just one well-known victim of the rendition program, Khaled El-Masri, has been
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macherson Watt – C 07-cy-02798 (IW)

1	featured on CBS' 60 Minutes, PBS Frontline, Dateline NBC, and ABC News. See,
2	<i>e.g.</i> :
3	i. Attached hereto as Exhibit Z is a true and correct copy of Anthony Shadid, US,
4	Egypt Raids Caught Militants, B. GLOBE, Oct. 7, 2001, at A1 (discussing pre-
5	9/11 rendition program in detail and suggesting that program may be employed
6	by U.S. to fight terrorism going forward);
7 8	ii. Attached hereto as Exhibit AA is a true and correct copy of Alissa Rubin,
° 9	Pakistan Hands Over Man in Terror Probe, L.A. TIMES, Oct. 28, 2001; Masood
10	
11	Anwar, Mystery Man Handed Over to US Troops in Karachi, THE NEWS
12	INTERNATIONAL (Pakistan), Oct. 26, 2001, available at
13	http://209.157.64.200/focus/f-news/556778/posts (reporting on the rendition of
14	Jamil Qasim Saeed Mohammad from Pakistan in 2001 by U.S. forces and the
15	use of a Gulfstream aircraft registered N379P in the process);
16	iii. Attached hereto as Exhibit BB is a true and correct copy of Andrew Higgins &
17	Christopher Cooper, CIA-Backed Team Used Brutal Means to Crack Terror
18	Cell: Albanian Agents Sent Egyptians Back to Cairo, Prisoners Allege They
19	Were Tortured There, WALL ST. J., Nov. 21, 2001, at A1. (detailing pre-
20 21	September 11 rendition of suspected Islamic militant by the C.I.A. from Croatia
21	to detention and interrogation in Egypt);
23	iv. Attached hereto as Exhibit CC is a true and correct copy of Anthony Shadid, In
24	Shift, Sweden Extradites Militants to Egypt, B. GLOBE, Dec. 31, 2001 (reporting
25	on extradition of plaintiff Ahmed Agiza and another Egyptian asylum seeker
26	from Sweden to Egypt);
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 36

1	v.	By Rajiv Chandrasekaran and Peter Finn, U.S Behind Secret Transfer of Terror
2		Suspects, WASH. POST March 11, 2002, at A1, available at
3		http://www.truthout.org/docs_02/03.25C.Secret.Transfer.htm (reporting on the
4		rendition of Muhammad Saad Iqbal Madni from Indonesia to Egypt on board a
5		Gulfstream V aircraft);
6	vi	Attached hereto as Exhibit DD is a true and correct copy of Dana Priest &
7	v1.	
8		Barton Gellman, U.S. Decries Abuse But Defends Interrogations: "Stress and
9		Duress" Tactics Used on Terrorism Suspects Held in Secret Overseas Prisons,
10		WASH. POST, Dec. 26, 2002, at A1 (interviewing U.S. officials involved in
11		renditions and quoting one official as saying: "We don't kick the [expletive] out
12		of them. We could them to other countries so they can kick the [explative] out of
13		of them. We send them to other countries so <i>they</i> can kick the [expletive] out of
14		them.");
15	vii.	Stephen Grey, America's Gulag, NEW STATESMAN (May 17, 2004),
16		available at http://www.newstatesman.com/200405170016 (reporting on the
17		CIA's use of private aircraft; a worldwide network of detention facilities and
18		their cooperation with foreign intelligence agencies in the rendition program);
19	viii.	Don Van Natta, Jr. & Souad Mekhennet, German's Claim of Kidnapping Brings
20		Investigation of U.S. Link, N.Y. TIMES, Jan. 9, 2005, at 11, available at
21		
22		http://www.nytimes.com/2005/01/09/international/europe/09kidnap.html
23		(offering comprehensive account of story of Khaled El-Masri, describing his
24		rendition and alleged involvement of CIA);
25	ix.	Jane Mayer, Outsourcing Torture, THE NEW YORKER, (Feb. 14, 2005), available
26		at http://www.newyorker.com/printables/fact/050214fa_fact6 (providing
27		
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt $-C$ 07-cv-02798 (JW) 37

1		comprehensive accounting of rendition program from its initial inception
2		through early 2005);
3	х.	Michael Hirsh, Mark Hosenball and John Barry, Aboard Air CIA, NEWSWEEK,
4		(Feb. 28, 2005), available at http://www.newsweek.com/id/48864 (interviewing
5		rendition victims and describing rendition program including the use of specific
6		aircraft, including a Gulfstream V jet, registered, N379P);
7	xi.	Douglas Jehl & David Johnston, Rule Change Lets CIA Freely Send Suspects
8 9	А1.	
		Abroad to Jails, N.Y. TIMES, Mar. 6, 2005, at 11, available at
10		http://www.nytimes.com/2005/03/06/politics/06intel.html (explaining that
11		current rendition program was authorized by President George W. Bush six days
12		after September 11, 2001);
13 14	xii.	CIA Flying Suspects to Torture?, 60 MINUTES (CBS television broadcast) (Mar.
14		6, 2005), transcript available at
16		http://www.cbsnews.com/stories/2005/03/04/60minutes/main678155.shtml
17		(discussing rendition program, and describing U.S. modus operandi: "masked
18		men in an unmarked jet seize their target, cut off his clothes, put him in a
19		blindfold and jumpsuit, tranquilize him and fly him away.");
20		
21	xiii.	Dana Priest, CIA Holds Terror Suspects in Secret Prisons, WASH. POST, Nov. 2,
22		2005, at A1, available at http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-
23		dyn/content/article/2005/11/01/AR2005110101644.html (describing
24		establishment of network of CIA-run "black site" detention facilities worldwide;
25		explaining that prisoners held within covert system were divided into two tiers:
26		
27		
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt – c 07-cv-02798 (JW) 38

Downloaded from The Rendition Project www.therenditionproject.org.uk

1		(1) major terrorism suspects, held at black sites; and (2) prisoners with limited
2		intelligence value, who are transferred to custody of foreign governments);
3	xiv.	Dana Priest, Wrongful Imprisonment: Anatomy of a CIA Mistake, WASH. POST,
4		Dec. 4, 2005, at A1, available at http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-
5		dyn/content/article/2005/12/03/AR2005120301476.html (describing in detail the
6		decision-making process during Khaled El-Masri's rendition, including internal
7 8		CIA discussions and role of German and Macedonian governments);
° 9		
	XV.	Brian Ross & Richard Esposito, Sources Tell ABC News Top Al Qaeda Figures
10		Held in Secret CIA Prisons, ABC NEWS (Dec. 5, 2005), available at
11		http://abcnews.go.com/WNT/Investigation/story?id=1375123. (reporting on the
12 13		scramble to shut down secret prisons in Poland and Romania and move CIA
13		rendition and detention operations to North Africa in advance of Secretary of
15		State Rice's visit to Europe);
16	xvi.	Craig Whitlock, Courted as Spies, Held as Combatants, WASH. POST, Apr. 2,
17		2006, available at http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-
18		dyn/content/article/2006/04/01/AR2006040101465_pf.html (reporting on
19		British and American role in rendition and detention of Plaintiff Bisher Al-
20		Rawi);
21	xvii.	Tim Golden, Guantánamo Terror Suspect Mocks Tribunal, N.Y. TIMES, Apr. 7,
22		
23		2006, at A18, <i>available at</i>
24		http://www.nytimes.com/2006/04/07/us/nationalspecial3/07gitmo.html
25		(discussing Binyam Mohamed's account of rendition and torture in Morocco
26		and Afghanistan);
27		
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 39

1	xviii.	Jerome Taylor, CIA Sent Me To Be Tortured in Afhgan Prison, Says Algerian,
2		INDEPENDENT (U.K.), July 8, 2006, at 32, available at
3		http://news.independent.co.uk/world/politics/article1166575.ece (discussing
4		Laid Saidi's account of rendition and torture, and noting that Ahmed Agiza and
5		Muhammed al-Zery had described the use of "an almost identical procedure" in
6		effecting their renditions);
7	xix.	
8	A1A.	
9		2006, available at http://www.timesonline.co.uk/tol/news/article608386.ece
10		(discussing rendition of plaintiff Binyam Mohamed);
11	XX.	Stephen Grey, Kidnapped to Order, aired on Channel 4 News (London, U.K.),
12 13		(June 11, 2007), summary available at
13		http://www.channel4.com/news/articles/dispatches/kidnapped+to+order/552067
15		(detailing harm caused by rendition program, and featuring interviews of
16		witnesses and participants); and
17	xxi.	Frontline World, Extraordinary Rendition, aired on PBS (Nov. 7, 2007),
18		available at http://www.pbs.org/frontlineworld/stories/rendition701/ (featuring
19		interviews with victims of the rendition program, including Plaintiff Bisher Al-
20		Rawi; Egyptian General Ahmad Omar speaking on the cooperation between
21		U.S. and Egyptian intelligence agencies; and Tyler Drumheller, the CIA's
22		
23		former Director in Europe.).
24	44. Muc	h information about the role of private airline corporations in the rendition
25	prog	ram, including the role of Defendant Jeppesen Dataplan Inc., has been uncovered
26	in th	e course of criminal and journalistic investigations and other inquiries in Europe.
27		
28	De	claration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 40

1	Information is now widely available identifying the role of particular corporations and
2	aircraft in the renditions of specific individuals, including Plaintiffs Mohamed, Britel,
3	Agiza, Bashmilah, and Al-Rawi.
4	45. The Council of Europe in the course of its inquiry into the rendition program
5	compiled a database of aircraft involved in the program and their movements. Op. Cit.
6 7	Exh. S(a) at p.14. This database was based on publicly available information,
8	including flight plans and other records for the period between the end of 2001 to
9	2005, obtained from the inter-governmental agency responsible for air traffic control
10	in Europe, Eurocontrol, and other flight data from aviation authorities in the United
11	States and elsewhere. <i>Id</i> . From this information, the Council of Europe identified a
12	Gulfstream V Jet aircraft, registered with the U.S. Federal Aviation Administration
13	(FAA) as N379P, and a Boeing 737 Business Jet, registered with the FAA as N313P,
14	as two of the aircraft involved in the rendition program.
15	
16	46. Photographs of these two aircraft as well as their current FAA registration details are
17	publicly available. See
18	http://www.airliners.net/search/photo.search?regsearch=N379P (N379P), and
19 20	http://www.airliners.net/search/photo.search?cnsearch=33010/1037&distinct_entry=tr
20 21	ue (N4476S – formerly registered as N313P); see also Federal Aviation
21	Administration Registry for N379P, available at
23	http://registry.faa.gov/aircraftinquiry/NNumSQL.asp?NNumbertxt=379P; and Federal
24	Aviation Administration Registry for N4476S (formerly N313P), available at
25	http://registry.faa.gov/aircraftinquiry/NNumSQL.asp?NNumbertxt=4476S&status=is
26	+not+Assigned%2FReserved.
27	
28	Declaration of Steven Macpherson Watt – C 07-cv-02798 (JW) 41

1	47. The role of these two aircraft and others in the rendition program has also been
2	documented by the European Parliament in the course of its inquiry into the operation
3	of the rendition program in Europe. Attached hereto as Exhibit EE is a true and
4	correct copy of the European Parliament, TDIP Temporary Committee (Rapporteur
5	Giovanni Fava), Working Document No. 8 on the Companies Linked to the CIA,
6 7	Aircraft Used by the CIA and the European Countries in which CIA Aircraft Have
8	Made Stopovers (Nov. 16, 2006), available at
9	http://www.europarl.europa.eu/comparl/tempcom/tdip/working_docs/pe380984_en.pd
10	f.
11	
12	48. After identifying these two aircraft through analysis of flight records, including flight
13	plans, and other flight data and witness testimonies, the Council of Europe and the
14	European Parliament linked these two aircraft to the rendition of plaintiffs. See Op.
15	Cit. Exh. S(a); Op. Cit. Exh. T; see also Declarations of Clive Stafford-Smith, Abou
16	Elkassim Britel, Anna Wigenmark, Mohamed Bashmilah, and Bisher Al-Rawi in
17	Support of Plaintiffs' Opposition to the United States' Motion to Dismiss or, in the
18	Alternative, for Summary Judgment, filed herewith.
19	49. Numerous media reports and two books on the rendition program have also
20	documented the involvement of privately owned and operated aircraft, including
21	N379P and N313P, in the program both generally and specifically in the rendition of
22 23	plaintiffs. See, e.g:
23	i. <i>The Broken Promise</i> , <i>Part I</i> , Kalla Fakta (television broadcast on Sweden's TV
25	
26	4) (May 17, 2004), English transcript <i>available at</i>
27	http://www.hrw.org/english/docs/2004/05/17/sweden8620.htm (discussing role
28	
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1		played by aircraft with FAA registration number N379P and owned by
2		defendant Premier Executive Transportation in rendition of Plaintiff Agiza from
3		Sweden to Egypt in December, 2001);
4	ii.	Dana Priest, Jet Is an Open Secret in Terror War, WASH. POST, Dec. 27, 2004,
5		at A1, available at http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/articles/A27826-
6		2004Dec26.html (discussing generally use of CIA "front companies" in
7		
8		rendition program);
9	iii.	Scott Shane, Stephen Grey, and Margot Williams, CIA Expanding Terror Battle
10		Under Guise of Charter Flights, N. Y. TIMES, May 31, 2005, at A1, available at
11		http://www.nytimes.com/2005/05/31/national/31planes.html (discussing history
12		and current role of private charter air companies in the rendition program);
13	iv.	A.C. Thompson and Trevor Paglen, The CIA's Torture Taxi, S.F. BAY
14 15		GUARDIAN, Dec.14-20, 2005, Vol. 40, No. 11, available at
15		http://www.sfbg.com/40/11/cover_plane.html (describing institutional structure
10		
17		of alleged CIA front airlines, including one company's ownership of aircraft
10		registered N4476S, based upon examination of publicly available company
20		registration documents and annual returns); see also TREVOR PAGLEN & A.C.
20 21		THOMPSON, TORTURE TAXI: ON THE TRAIL OF THE CIA'S RENDITION FLIGHTS
22		(2006) (describing same in more extensive detail);
23	v.	Op. Cit. ¶ 33(iv), Amnesty International, Below the Radar: Secret Flights to
24		Torture and Disappearance (Apr. 5, 2006) (describing rendition program and its
25		support network of aircraft and airports and documenting over 1000 flights
26		
27		linked to renditions based on several sources including, inter alia, U.S. Federal
28		
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43

1	Aviation Administration flight records; European flight records; actual flight
2	logs; aircraft movements recorded by airport authorities; and airport records
3	acquired in criminal and parliamentary investigations);
4	vi. STEPHEN GREY, GHOST PLANE: THE TRUE STORY OF THE CIA TORTURE
5	PROGRAM (2006) (by reference to flight logs, interviews with high level U.S.
6	
7	and European officials, and eye-witnesses testimony, tracing the history of the
8	CIA rendition program from its roots to its current form and identifying the
9	involvement of specific aircraft, including N379P and N313P in the rendition of
10	specific individuals, including plaintiffs.).
11	50. The Council of Europe, through its detailed examination of flight plans obtained from
12	Eurocontrol and other information, has also documented the role of Jeppesen in
13	providing flight planning and logistical support to aircraft and flight crews used in the
14	rendition program. In its 2007 report, the Council identified Jeppesen as "the aviation
15	
16	services provider customarily used by the CIA" and noted that Jeppesen filed
17	"multiple 'dummy' flight plans for many of these flights." Op. Cit. Exhibit S(b) at
18	p.37.
19 20	51. The Council of Europe was able to identify Jeppesen as the entity responsible for
20 21	filing specific flight plans because of a unique code, KSFOXLDI, assigned to
21	Jeppesen in the Aeronautical Fixed Telecommunication Network (AFTN). ¹ Every
22	
24	
25	The AFTN is the worldwide system of aeronautical fixed circuits provided, as part of the aeronautical fixed service, for the exchange of messages and/or digital data between aeronautical fixed stations having the same
26	or compatible communications characteristics. AFTN comprises aviation entities including: ANS (Air Navigation Services) providers, aviation service providers, airport authorities and government agencies, to
27	name a few. It exchanges vital information for aircraft operations such as distress messages, urgency messages, flight safety messages, meteorological messages, flight regularity messages, and aeronautical
28	administrative messages.
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1	flight plan submitted by Jeppesen to air traffic control authorities, including
2	Eurocontrol, notes this code as the "originator code," i.e., the entity responsible for
3	filing the plan. Attached hereto as Exhibit FF is a true and correct copy of relevant
4	pages of Eurocontrol, Integrated Initial Flight Plan Processing System, IFPS Users
5	Manual, noting that: "The AFTN address KSFOXLDI is a collective address for
6 7	Jeppesen flight planning services in San Francisco." A complete copy of the Manual
8	is available at
9	http://www.cfmu.eurocontrol.int/cfmu/gallery/content/public/userdocs/docs/IFPS_Us
10	
11	ers_Manual_12_0_external.pdf.
12	52. By way of background, the owners or operators of every civilian aircraft traveling
13	through European airspace must notify Eurocontrol of its intended flight path.
14	Notification is provided in the form of a flight plan mapping out the aircraft's
15	itinerary. In the aviation industry, it is common practice for owners and operators of
16	aircraft to contract out the logistics of getting an aircraft from point A to point B,
17	including submission of flight plans, to a corporation, such as Jeppesen, specializing
18	in provision of such services. Once completed, and in advance of departure, flight
19	plans are submitted to Eurocontrol. Flight plans detail dates of travel, start point and
20	end destinations, as well as the locations of any intended lay over destinations. They
21	are required to note the entity responsible for filing the plan and must do so using the
22 23	filer's AFTN address as the filer, or "originator." <i>Id.</i> (specifying requirements for
23 24	submission of flight plans).
24 25	
25 26	53. The role of Jeppesen in providing flight and logistical support services to aircraft and
20	air crew used in the rendition program has been widely reported. See, e.g.:
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Downloaded from The Rendition Project www.therenditionproject.org.uk

1	i. Jane Mayer, Outsourcing: The C.I.A.'s Travel Agent, THE NEW YORKER, (Oct.
2	30, 2006) available at
3	http://www.newyorker.com/archive/2006/10/30/061030ta_talk_mayer
4	(describing role of Jeppesen in planning the CIA's extraordinary rendition
5	flights, and quoting former Jeppesen employee's recounting of a corporate
6 7	meeting at which Jeppesen's managing director, as well as another executive,
8	told the employee that Jeppesen handled the rendition flights);
9	ii. Claudio Gatti, <i>Boeing Unit to Face Suit in CIA Seizures</i> , INT'L HERALD
10	
11	TRIBUNE May 29, 2007, at 3, <i>available at</i>
12	http://www.iht.com/articles/2007/05/29/news/rendition.php (noting that an
13	independent investigation by the Italian newspaper Il Sole 24 Ore
14	"independently found evidence that two of the three plaintiffs in the ACLU
15	lawsuit were transported with the logistical support from Jeppesen");
16	iii. Bob Egelko, Firm Reportedly Filed Bogus CIA Flight Plans, S. F. CHRONICLE
17	June 13, 2007, available at http://www.sfgate.com/cgi-
18	bin/article.cgi?f=/c/a/2007/06/13/BAGQGQECQC1.DTL&hw=Firm+Reportedl
19	y+Filed+Bogus+CIA+Flight+Plans&sn=001≻=1000 (discussing Council of
20	Europe report and Jeppesen's role in the rendition program).
21	54. Telexes obtained in the course of a criminal investigation in Spain further substantiate
22	Jeppesen's involvement in the rendition program. These telexes, obtained in the
23	
24 25	course of an investigation into the alleged use of Mallorca airport as a "staging post"
23 26	for CIA rendition flights, documents the registration numbers of aircraft that this
20 27	investigation, as well as the aforementioned European inquiries, have identified as
28	
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1	involved in the rendition program, including N313P, N4476S, and N8068V. The
2	telexes also identify Jeppesen, through its local agent, as the entity responsible for
3	organizing the logistical support for these aircraft and their crew, and are available at
4	http://www.ghostplane.net/elmasri. See also Armen Keteylan & Phil Hirschkorn,
5	Muslim Says He Was Abducted by U.S., CBS NEWS (Nov. 28, 2006), available at
6 7	http://www.cbsnews.com/stories/2006/11/28/cbsnews_investigates/printable2213638.
8	shtml (discussing Spanish documents unearthed by journalist Stephen Grey that link
9	Jeppesen to rendition flights).
	Jeppesen to renation rights).
10	55. Flight records and other documentary evidence also substantiate Jeppesen's
11	involvement in the rendition of plaintiffs. For example, the involvement of Jeppesen
12 13	in providing flight planning and other logistical assistance to the aircraft used in Mr.
13	Agiza's rendition is confirmed by documents uncovered in the course of
15	investigations into his rendition.
16	56. An invoice numbered 19122416 from Luftfartsverket Division Stockholm to Jeppesen
17	Dataplan and a related record from the Swedish Civil Aviation Administration
18	("SCAA") notes that on December 18, 2001 Jeppesen paid for the following fees for a
19	
20	Gulfstream V aircraft, registration number N379P: Noise, Landing, Terminal
21	Navigation, Emission, Passenger and Security. The SCAA record further notes that
22	the aircraft landed at Bromma airport, Sweden at 19:54 on December 18, 2001 and
23	departed for Cairo the same day at 20:49. This record also notes that a total of nine
24	passengers were on board the aircraft. Attached hereto as Exhibit GG is a true and
25	correct copy of invoice number 19122416 together with related SCAA record.
26	
27	
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1	57. The originator code on the "local data string" for the related flight plan, further
2	evidences Jeppesen's involvement in arranging the logistics for this flight. The
3	"originator code," i.e., the entity responsible for filing the flight plan, is identified by
4	the code number KSFOXLDI. As noted above, in the aviation industry, this code is
5	unique to Jeppesen Dataplan, Inc. Attached hereto as Exhibit HH is a true and correct
6 7	copy of the local data string relevant to Mr. Agiza's rendition flight.
8	58. The same Jeppesen-specific originator code, KSFOXLDI, is also present on "local
9	data strings" relative to flight plans filed for aircraft used in the renditions of plaintiffs
10	Britel, Bashmilah, and Al-Rawi. See Declarations of Abou Elkassim Britel, Mohamed
11	Farag Ahmad Bashmilah, and Bisher Al-Rawi, filed herewith.
12	
13	* * * *
14	I hereby declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
15	
16	Executed this 14 th day of December, 2007.
17	/s/ Steven Macpherson Watt
18	Steven Macpherson Watt
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